Parameters of microexplosion processes on the cathode that occur during the initiation of vacuum breakdown

Oreshkin E V $^{1,@},$ Barengolts S A $^{2,1},$ Oreshkin V I 3 and Khishchenko K V 4,5,6

¹ Lebedev Physical Institute of the Russian Academy of Sciences, Leninsky Avenue 53, Moscow 119991, Russia

² Prokhorov General Physics Institute of the Russian Academy of Sciences, Vavilova 38, Moscow 119991, Russia

³ Institute of High Current Electronics of the Siberian Branch of the Russian Academy of Sciences, Akademichesky Avenue 2/3, Tomsk 634055, Russia
⁴ Joint Institute for High Temperatures of the Russian Academy of Sciences,

Izhorskaya 13 Bldg 2, Moscow 125412, Russia

 5 Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology, Institutskiy Pereulok 9, Dolgoprudny 141701, Russia

⁶ South Ural State University, Lenin Avenue 76, Chelyabinsk 454080, Russia

[@] oreshkin@lebedev.ru

The results of magnetohydrodynamic modeling of the electric explosion of a microprotrusion on the cathode, initiated by the explosive emission current, are presented. The change in the main parameters of the cathode material, such as temperature, density, pressure, during the explosion of tungsten and copper cathodes is studied. The integral of the specific action of the current is estimated when both direct and high-frequency voltages are applied to the diode. The parameters of a microcrater formed on the cathode as a result of an electric explosion of a microprotrusion are analyzed.