## Thermodynamic properties of dense hydrogen plasmas

## Ismagambetova T $\mathbf{N}^{1,@},$ Gabdullin M $\mathbf{T}^{2,1}$ and Ramazanov T $\mathbf{S}^{1}$

 $^1$ Research Institute of Experimental and Theoretical Physics of the Al-Farabi Kazakh National University, al-Farabi Avenue 71, Almaty 050040, Kazakh<br/>stan $^2$ Kazakh-British Technical University, Tole bi, 59, Almaty, Almaty region 050000, Kazakh<br/>stan

<sup>@</sup> ismagambetova@physics.kz

In this work we investigated the thermodynamic properties of a dense non-ideal hydrogen plasma on the basis of the effective model of the ion-ion interaction that takes into account the quantum effects of diffraction of ions [1]. Ion-ion radial distribution functions were calculated by solving the Ornstein-Zernike integral equation in the hypernetted-chain (HNC) approximation [2]. Thermodynamic properties (i.e. the correlation energy and the non-ideal component of the equation of state) were obtained through the radial distribution functions and the interparticle interaction potential. The influence of the quantum diffraction effects is greater in denser plasma and at higher values of the coupling parameters.

- Ismagambetova T N, Moldabekov Z A, Amirov S M, Ramazanov T S, Gabdullin M T, Temirbek A and Tikhonov A 2020 Japanese Journal of Applied Physics 59 SHHA10
- [2] Goodstein D L 2002 States of Matter (United States: Dover publications, Inc.)