Ab initio calculations for the transport properties of metals within Boltzmann transport theory: From a one- to two-temperature representation

Smirnov N A

Federal State Unitary Enterprise "Russian Federal Nuclear Center—Academician Zababakhin All-Russian Research Institute of Technical Physics", Vasilieva 13, Snezhinsk, Chelyabinsk Region 456770, Russia

deldavis@mail.ru

The paper presents a new approach for ab initio calculations of the electron transport properties of solid metals in the two-temperature approximation with account for electron-phonon interaction. Using the method to solve the Boltzmann transport equation proposed by Allen [Phys. Rev. B 17, 3725 (1978)], formulas were obtained for calculating the electrical resistivity (dc conductivity) and thermal conductivity of metals at different electron and lattice temperatures. The presented approach also works well in the one-temperature case. It performs most effectively if it is necessary to allow for the smearing of the electron distribution function and the energy dependence of the electron-phonon spectral function. Four metals-Cu, Ag, Au and Pd—are considered as an example. The obtained results are in good agreement with the available experimental data. Thus, in the one-temperature case, it was possible to reproduce with good accuracy the increase in the thermal conductivity of palladium at temperatures above 300 K. The results obtained for the two-temperature regime of heating, reproduce quite well the temporal evolution of the dc electrical conductivity of gold, observed in experiments [Nat. Commun. 12, 1638 (2021)] for the interaction of thin gold foils with ultrashort laser pulses.